## 5A GLOBAL CITIES

A "New York City is a star—the city of cities," wrote author John Gunther. But what makes a city great? To answer this question, the creators of the Global Cities Index looked at the following:

• <b>Business</b> – How many glob	oal companies a	re in the city? Does t	the city do a lot of
( ) bus	iness?		
• People – Does the city (	,	talented people from	m around the world? Are the
city's universities good? How	many resident	s have college degree	es?
• <b>Media</b> – Is it easy to get in	formation from	different (	) (TV, radio, Internet)
How many residents have	Internet (	)?	
• Entertainment – Does the city have many entertainment (			): museums, sports
music, and different types of	restaurants?		
• Politics – How many embassies and international (			) are in the city?
Future Leaders			
B As the graph on the (		) page shows, most	cities on the Global Cities
ndex are strong in certain areas. Beijing's (		), for example, is business,	
while Los Angeles's strength	is (	). New York,	London, and Paris are at the
top because they are strong i	n all five areas.		
C Which cities will become	more powerful	in the future? Creat	ors of the Global Cities Index
( ) the most	growth in the f	following places:	
· Asia: Beijing and Shangha	i are both busin	ess centers and will	continue to grow. In a few
years, they will be ( $^{ m 3}$		) New York. Other 0	Chinese cities such as
Guangzhou and Shenzhen w	ill also grow. In	dian cities such as M	Iumbai and New Delhi have a
lot of business (	), too.		
• South America: Rio de Jane	eiro and São Pa	ulo in Brazil, Buenos	s Aires in Argentina, and
Bogotá in Colombia will beco	ome more power	ful. In these cities, (	3 ) is
growing, and life for many p	eople is improvi	ng.	
• The Middle East: Istanbul i	n Turkey, Cairo	in Egypt, and the ci	ties of the United Arab
Emirates (UAE) such as Dubai and Abu Dhabi will (			)more power in
nternational ( )and business—		isiness—(	) in helping East
and West work together.			
D In 10 years, the top cities on the index may be (			), but one thing is certain
With over 50 percent of the v	vorld's people n	ow living in ( $^2$	),
tomorrow's global cities will	be more powerf	ul than ever.	